



March 18, 2024

Ms. Christina McCutcheon
Enforcement Analyst
Arkansas Department of Energy and Environment
Division of Environmental Quality
5301 Northshore Drive
North Little Rock, AR 72118-5317

RE: NPDES Permit AR0033766

Dear Ms. McCutcheon,

This notification serves as the Final Progress Report certifying Paragould Municipal Utilities (PMU) met the Final Effluent WET Lethal Limitations for P. promelas and C. dubia as set forth in NPDES Permit AR0033766 effective March 1, 2021. See enclosed data for further details.

If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at (870) 239-7723 or dromine@paragould.com

Sincerely,

David Romine

Chief Operations Officer

Enclosures

Paragould Municipal Utilities Wastewater Treatment Plant NPDES Permit AR0033766 Whole Effluent Toxicity Final Report – March 2024

As required by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit AR0033766 in Part 1, Section B, Subsection 2, the following information serves as documentation PMU has met requirements of the Final Limitations for P. promelas and C. dubia Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) lethal limits as of the effective date of the permit thru the most current date of testing listed in the following table. All WET reports referenced below were, or will be, submitted to ADEQ with the corresponding Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR).

Date of Samples	Results	ADEQ Report Date
January 9-12, 2023	No Lethal or Sub-lethal effects	April 20, 2023
April 10-13, 2023	No Lethal or Sub-lethal effects	July 21, 2023
July 10-13, 2023	No Lethal or Sub-lethal effects	October 19, 2023
October 16-19, 2023	No Lethal or Sub-lethal effects	January 16, 2024
February 19-22, 2024	No Lethal or Sub-lethal effects	PMU will submit April 2024

In addition to the information provided in the table above, PMU has included a summary of analytical results provided by Arkansas Analytical, the contract laboratory selected to conduct WET testing for PMU.

Toxicity Test Results

Paragould Light, Water & Cable NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: AR0033766 First Quarter 2023 AFIN # 28-00470

Fathead Minnow, Pimephales promelas, Larval Survival and Growth Test Test 1000.0

Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and Reproduction Test Test 1002.0

Prepared for: David Romine

401 Grant Lane

Paragould, Arkansas 72450

Prepared by: Arkansas Analytical, Inc.

8100 National Drive

Little Rock, Arkansas 72209

Lab Number K2301005

City of Paragould. The facility is located at 401 Grant Lane, Paragould, AR 72450, approximately 1.4 miles south of U.S. Highway 412 and 0.4 miles west of Arkansas Highway 69 on Grant Lane in Greene County, Arkansas

Test Methods

EPA Method 1000.0 Pimephales promelas, Larval survival and growth test

- Test chambers: 500 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 250 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 10
- Number of replicates per concentration: 5
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

EPA Method 1002.0 Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and reproduction test

- Test chambers: 30 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 15 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 1
- Number of replicates per concentration: 10
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

Reference Toxicant Data

Ceriodaphnia dubia 12/28/22-1/3/23		Pimephales promelas 12/28/22-1/4/23	
NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl	NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl	LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl
NOEC Reproduction:	250 ppm KCl	NOEC Growth:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KCl	LOEC Growth:	1000 ppm KCl

Ceriodaphnia dubia		Pimephales promelas	
NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP3B	100%	NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP6C	Pass
NOEC Reproduction Parameter: TPP3B	100%	NOEC Growth Parameter: TPP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Reproduction Parameter: TGP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Growth Parameter: TGP6C	Pass
%CV Reproduction Parameter: TQP3B	20.8%	%CV Growth Parameter: TQP6C	12.1%
PMSD Reproduction	22.0%	PMSD Growth	15.1%
Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51710	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%	Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51714	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%

Conclusion

Pimephales promelas, (Method 1000.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies that the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Ceriodaphnia dubia, (Method 1002.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Biomonitoring Analysts: Melissa Bird, Jason Bird, Johnny Moline

Reviewed by:

Melīssa Bird

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Appendix A	
Appendix B	Fathead minnow data & statistics
Appendix C	
Appendix D	Water chemistry data
Appendix E	Reference toxicant control charts

Toxicity Test Results

Paragould Light, Water & Cable NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: AR0033766 Second Quarter 2023 AFIN # 28-00470

Fathead Minnow, Pimephales promelas, Larval Survival and Growth Test Test 1000.0

Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and Reproduction Test Test 1002.0

Prepared for: David Romine

401 Grant Lane

Paragould, Arkansas 72450

Prepared by: Arkansas Analytical, Inc.

8100 National Drive

Little Rock, Arkansas 72209

Lab Number K2304007

City of Paragould. The facility is located at 401 Grant Lane, Paragould, AR 72450, approximately 1.4 miles south of U.S. Highway 412 and 0.4 miles west of Arkansas Highway 69 on Grant Lane in Greene County, Arkansas

Test Methods

EPA Method 1000.0 Pimephales promelas, Larval survival and growth test

- Test chambers: 500 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 250 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 10
- Number of replicates per concentration: 5
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

EPA Method 1002.0 Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and reproduction test

- Test chambers: 30 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 15 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 1
- Number of replicates per concentration: 10
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

Reference Toxicant Data

Ceriodaphnia dubia 3/7/23-3/14/23		Pimephales promelas 3/7/23-3/14/23	
NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl	NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCI	LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl
NOEC Reproduction:	250 ppm KCl	NOEC Growth:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KC1	LOEC Growth:	1000 ppm KCl

Ceriodaphnia dubia		Pimephales promelas	
NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP3B	100%	NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP6C	Pass
NOEC Reproduction Parameter: TPP3B	100%	NOEC Growth Parameter: TPP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Reproduction Parameter: TGP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Growth Parameter: TGP6C	Pass
%CV Reproduction Parameter: TQP3B	23.8%	%CV Growth Parameter: TQP6C	8.75%
PMSD Reproduction	18.8%	PMSD Growth	12.6%
Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51710	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%	Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51714	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%

Conclusion

Pimephales promelas, (Method 1000.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies that the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Ceriodaphnia dubia, (Method 1002.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Biomonitoring Analysts: Melissa Bird, Jason Bird, Justin Yeatts, Noah Limbaugh

Reviewed by:

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Appendix A	
Appendix B	Fathead minnow data & statistics
Appendix C	
Appendix D	Water chemistry data
Appendix E	Reference toxicant control charts

Toxicity Test Results

Paragould Light, Water & Cable NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: AR0033766 Third Quarter 2023 AFIN # 28-00470

Fathead Minnow, Pimephales promelas, Larval Survival and Growth Test Test 1000.0

Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and Reproduction Test Test 1002.0

Prepared for: David Romine

401 Grant Lane

Paragould, Arkansas 72450

Prepared by: Arkansas Analytical, Inc.

8100 National Drive

Little Rock, Arkansas 72209

Lab Number K2307001

City of Paragould. The facility is located at 401 Grant Lane, Paragould, AR 72450, approximately 1.4 miles south of U.S. Highway 412 and 0.4 miles west of Arkansas Highway 69 on Grant Lane in Greene County, Arkansas

Test Methods

EPA Method 1000.0 Pimephales promelas, Larval survival and growth test

- Test chambers: 500 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 250 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 10
- Number of replicates per concentration: 5
- Test temperature 25°C ± 1°C
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

EPA Method 1002.0 Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and reproduction test

- Test chambers: 30 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 15 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 1
- Number of replicates per concentration: 10
- Test temperature 25°C ± 1°C
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

Reference Toxicant Data

Ceriodaphnia dubia 6/26/23-7/3/23		Pimephales promelas 6/26/23-7/3/23	
NOEC Survival:	250 ppm KCl	NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl	LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl
NOEC Reproduction:	250 ppm KCl	NOEC Growth:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KCI	LOEC Growth:	1000 ppm KCl

Ceriodaphnia dubia		Pimephales promelas	
NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP3B	100%	NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP6C	Pass
NOEC Reproduction Parameter: TPP3B	100%	NOEC Growth Parameter: TPP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Reproduction Parameter: TGP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Growth Parameter: TGP6C	Pass
%CV Reproduction Parameter: TQP3B	24.3%	%CV Growth Parameter: TQP6C	15.9%
PMSD Reproduction	20.9%	PMSD Growth	20.8%
Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51710	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%	Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51714	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%

Conclusion

Pimephales promelas, (Method 1000.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies that the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Ceriodaphnia dubia, (Method 1002.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Biomonitoring Analysts: Melissa Bird, Jason Bird, Justin Yeatts, Noah Limbaugh

Reviewed by:

Malissa Bird

Toxicity testing, C. dubia and P. promelas Paragould Light, Water & Cable, Lab # K2307001, Page 3

Appendix A	
Appendix B	Fathead minnow data & statistics
Appendix C	Ceriodaphnia dubia data & statistics
Appendix D	
Appendix E	Reference toxicant control charts

Toxicity Test Results

Paragould Light, Water & Cable NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: AR0033766 Fourth Quarter 2023 AFIN # 28-00470

Fathead Minnow, Pimephales promelas, Larval Survival and Growth Test Test 1000.0

Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and Reproduction Test Test 1002.0

Prepared for: David Romine

401 Grant Lane Paragould, Arkansas 72450

Prepared by: Arkansas Analytical, Inc. 8100 National Drive

Little Rock, Arkansas 72209

Lab Number K2310010

Tuesday, November 07, 2023

City of Paragould. The facility is located at 401 Grant Lane, Paragould, AR 72450, approximately 1.4 miles south of U.S. Highway 412 and 0.4 miles west of Arkansas Highway 69 on Grant Lane in Greene County, Arkansas

Test Methods

EPA Method 1000.0 Pimephales promelas, Larval survival and growth test

- Test chambers: 500 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 250 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 10
- Number of replicates per concentration: 5
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

EPA Method 1002.0 Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and reproduction test

- Test chambers: 30 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 15 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 1
- Number of replicates per concentration: 10
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

Reference Toxicant Data

Ceriodaphnia dubia 9/20/23-9/26/23		Pimephales promelas 9/20/23-9/27/23	
NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl	NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl	LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl
NOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KCl	NOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KC1
LOEC Reproduction:	1000 ppm KCl	LOEC Reproduction:	1000 ppm KCl

Ceriodaphnia dubia		Pimephales promelas	
NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP3B	100%	NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP6C	Pass
NOEC Reproduction Parameter: TPP3B	100%	NOEC Growth Parameter: TPP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Reproduction Parameter: TGP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Growth Parameter: TGP6C	Pass
%CV Reproduction Parameter: TQP3B	19.0%	%CV Growth Parameter: TQP6C	11.6%
PMSD Reproduction	16.5%	PMSD Growth	13.9%
Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51710	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%	Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51714	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%

Conclusion

Pimephales promelas, (Method 1000.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies that the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Ceriodaphnia dubia, (Method 1002.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Biomonitoring Analysts: Melissa Bird, Brittany Story, Justin Yeatts, Noah Limbaugh

Reviewed by:

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Appendix A	
Appendix B	Fathead minnow data & statistics
Appendix C	Ceriodaphnia dubia data & statistics
Appendix D	Water chemistry data
Appendix E	Reference toxicant control charts

Toxicity Test Results

Paragould Light, Water & Cable NPDES PERMIT NUMBER: AR0033766 First Quarter 2024 AFIN # 28-00470

Fathead Minnow, Pimephales promelas, Larval Survival and Growth Test Test 1000.0

Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and Reproduction Test Test 1002.0

Prepared for: David Romine

401 Grant Lane

Paragould, Arkansas 72450

Prepared by: Arkansas Analytical, Inc. 8100 National Drive

> Little Rock, Arkansas 72209 Lab Number K2402013

City of Paragould. The facility is located at 401 Grant Lane, Paragould, AR 72450, approximately 1.4 miles south of U.S. Highway 412 and 0.4 miles west of Arkansas Highway 69 on Grant Lane in Greene County, Arkansas

Test Methods

EPA Method 1000.0 Pimephales promelas, Larval survival and growth test

- Test chambers: 500 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 250 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 10
- Number of replicates per concentration: 5
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

EPA Method 1002.0 Ceriodaphnia dubia, Survival and reproduction test

- Test chambers: 30 mL plastic cups
- Test solution volume: 15 mL
- Number of test organisms per chamber: 1
- Number of replicates per concentration: 10
- Test temperature $25^{\circ}C \pm 1^{\circ}C$
- Test concentrations: 0%, 32%, 42%, 56%, 80%, 100%
- Dilution water: Moderately Hard Synthetic
- No deviation from method

Reference Toxicant Data

Ceriodaphnia dubia 1/17/24-1/24/24		Pimephales promelas 1/3/24-1/10/24	
NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl	NOEC Survival:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl	LOEC Survival:	1000 ppm KCl
NOEC Reproduction:	250 ppm KCl	NOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KCl
LOEC Reproduction:	500 ppm KCl	LOEC Reproduction:	1000 ppm KCl

Ceriodaphnia dubia		Pimephales promelas	
NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP3B	100%	NOEC Survival Parameter: TOP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Survival Parameter: TLP6C	Pass
NOEC Reproduction Parameter: TPP3B	100%	NOEC Growth Parameter: TPP6C	100%
Pass/Fail Reproduction Parameter: TGP3B	Pass	Pass/Fail Growth Parameter: TGP6C	Pass
%CV Reproduction Parameter: TQP3B	26.0%	%CV Growth Parameter: TQP6C	12.0%
PMSD Reproduction	44.2%	PMSD Growth	16.4%
Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51710	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%	Chronic Toxicity NOEC Parameter: 51714	Lethality: 100% Sub-lethality: 100%

Conclusion

Pimephales promelas, (Method 1000.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies that the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Ceriodaphnia dubia, (Method 1002.0): The permit issued to the Paragould Light, Water & Cable, specifies the critical dilution is 100% effluent. The effluent samples did not exhibit lethal or sublethal effects at the critical dilution, and, as such, passed both portions of the test.

Biomonitoring Analysts: Melissa Bird, Jason Bird, Justin Yeatts, Noah Limbaugh

Reviewed by:

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Toxicity testing, C. dubia and P. promelas Paragould Light, Water & Cable, Lab # K2402013, Page 3

Appendix A	
Appendix B	Fathead minnow data & statistics
Appendix C	
Appendix D	
Appendix E	Reference toxicant control charts